

# TLR9 Rabbit mAb [f717]

Cat NO. :A40222

#### Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB	Human	Q9NR96	130kDa	Rabbit	IgG	50ul,100ul,200ul

Applications detail:

Application

WB

1:1000-2000

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

**Purification**:

Affinity-chromatography

Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human TLR9

#### Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

## Tissue specificity:

Highly expressed in spleen, lymph node, tonsil and peripheral blood leukocytes, especially in plasmacytoid predendritic cells. Levels are much lower in monocytes and CD11c+ immature dendritic cells.

# Subcellular location:

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane, Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Lysosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome.

## Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

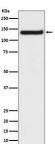
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Key component of innate and adaptive immunity. TLRs (Toll-like receptors) control host immune response against pathogens through recognition of molecular patterns specific to microorganisms. TLR9 is a nucleotide-sensing TLR which is activated by unmethylated cytidine-phosphate-guanosine (CpG) dinucleotides. Acts via MYD88 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response (PubMed:11564765, PubMed:17932028). Controls lymphocyte response to Helicobacter infection (By similarity). Upon CpG stimulation, induces B-cell proliferation, activation, survival and antibody production (PubMed:23857366)..

## **Validation Data:**

#### TLR9 Rabbit mAb [f717] Images



 $Western\,blot(\,SDS\,PAGE)\ \ analysis\,of\,extracts\,from\,Raji\,cell\,lysate. Using \\ TLR9\,Rabbit\,mAb\,[f717] at\,dilution\,of\,1:1000\,incubated\,at\,4\,^\circ\!\!C\,\,over\,night.$ 

View more information on http://naturebios.com