

# TPPP Rabbit mAb [1W39]

Cat NO. :A76262

#### Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	iProt ID: MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size	
WB,IHC,ICC/IF	H,M,R	O94811	25 kDa	Rabbit	IgG	100ul,200ul	

Applications detail:

Application Dilution

WB 1:1000-2000

IHC 1:100

ICC/IF 1:100

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

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UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

Purification:

Protein A purification

## Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide at the sequence of human TPPP

### Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

 $\label{products} \textbf{Products are valid for one natural year of receipt.} \textbf{Avoid repeated freeze} \ \textit{I} \ \textbf{thaw cycles}.$ 

## Tissue specificity:

Widely expressed..

## Subcellular location:

Golgi outpost. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle.

Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

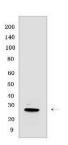
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Regulator of microtubule dynamics that plays a key role in myelination by promoting elongation of the myelin sheath (PubMed:31522887). Acts as a microtubule nucleation factor in oligodendrocytes: specifically localizes to the postsynaptic Golgi apparatus region, also named Golgi outpost, and promotes microtubule nucleation, an important step for elongation of the myelin sheath (PubMed:31522887, PubMed:33831707). Required for both uniform polarized growth of distal microtubules as well as directing the branching of proximal processes (PubMed:31522887). Shows magnesium-dependent GTPase activity, the role of the GTPase activity is unclear (PubMed:21995432, PubMed:21316364). In addition to microtubule nucleation activity, also involved in microtubule bundling and stabilization of existing microtubules, thereby maintaining the integrity of the microtubule network (PubMed:17105200, PubMed:17693641, PubMed:18028908, PubMed:26289831). Regulates microtubule dynamics by promoting tubulin acetylation: acts by inhibiting the tubulin deacetylase activity of HDAC6 (PubMed:23098065, PubMed:23093407). Also regulates cell migration: phosphorylation by ROCK1 inhibits interaction with HDAC6, resulting in decreased acetylation of tubulin and increased cell motility (PubMed:23093407). Plays a role in cell proliferation by regulating the G1/S-phase transition (PubMed:23355470). Involved in astral microtubule organization and mitotic spindle orientation during early stage of mitosis, this process is regulated by phosphorylation by LIMK2 (PubMed:23328514)..

#### Validation Data:

#### TPPP Rabbit mAb [1W39] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from human normal brain .Using TPPPRabbit mAb [1W39] at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at  $4^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  over night.

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